**Treaty Of Versailles/ 14 Points**

**Quiz**

**1. The Fourteen Points**

**2. Negotiating the Treaty of Versailles**

**3. Terms of the Treaty**

\_2\_ The talks were attended by delegates from Allied and neutral nations.

\_3\_ The League of Nations, an international peace organization, is established; Germany and Russia are excluded from membership.

\_1\_ general suggestions for **encouraging peace**, such as an **end to secret treaties**

\_1\_ specific recommendations for changing borders and creating new nations, based on the principle of national **self-determination**—allowing people to decide for themselves under what government they wished to live

\_3\_ Germany returns the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine to France, gives up its overseas colonies, reduces its army in size, is forbidden to buy or make weapons, and to have submarines or an air force, is assigned sole responsibility for the war, and must pay the Allies $33 billion in wartime reparations.

\_1\_ a call for “a general association of nations” that would peacefully negotiate solutions

to world conflicts, Wilson’s **Fourteenth Point**, which led to the creation of the **League of Nations**

\_2\_ Germany and its allies were not allowed to participate.

\_2\_ Most negotiations were made by the so-called **Big Four**: **George Clemenceau**, premier of France—wanted Germany to be punished; **Vittorio Emanuele Orlando**, premier of Italy—sought territory for Italy; **David Lloyd George**, prime minister of Great Britain—worked for compromise; **Woodrow Wilson**, U.S. president—had to abandon many of his Fourteen Points.